

DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN



1800 or earlier

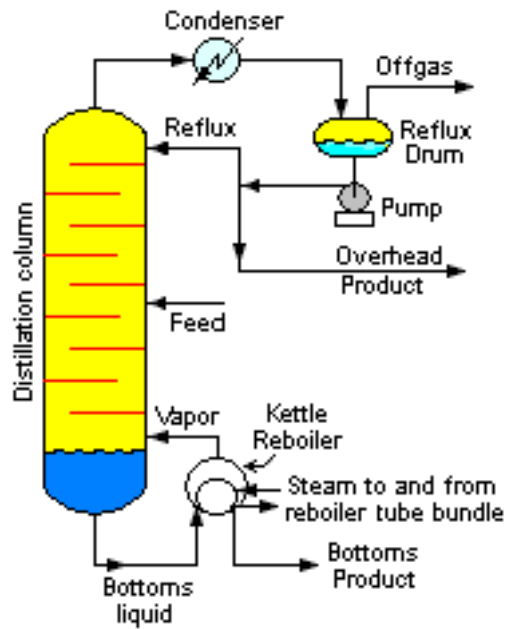


Now

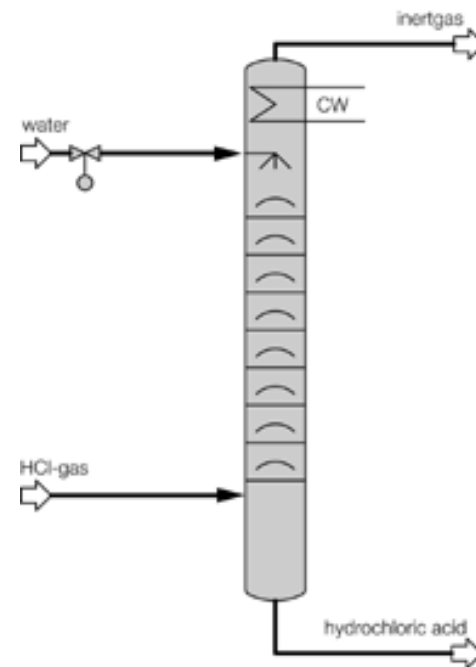


DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

Distillation

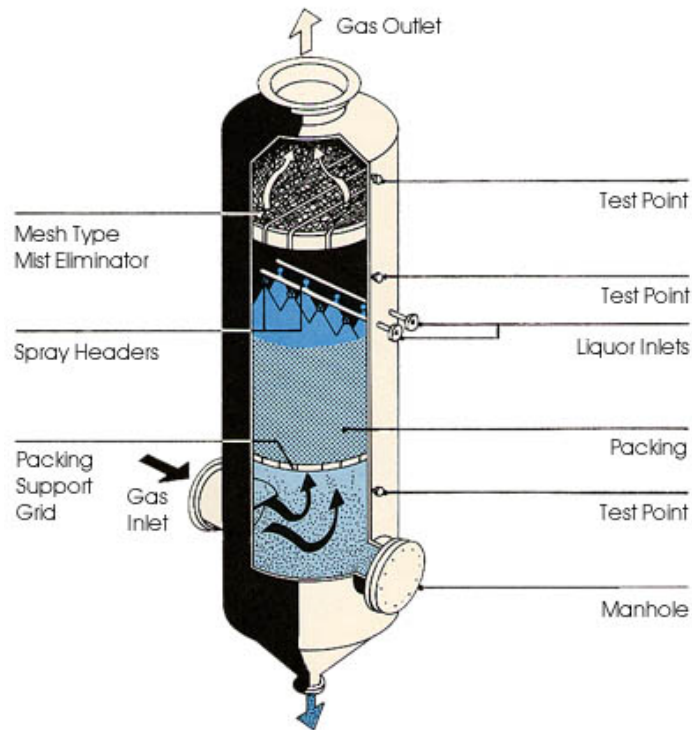


Absorption

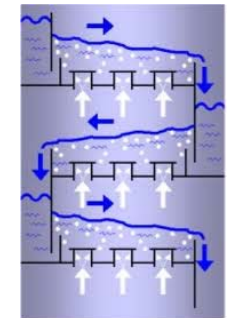
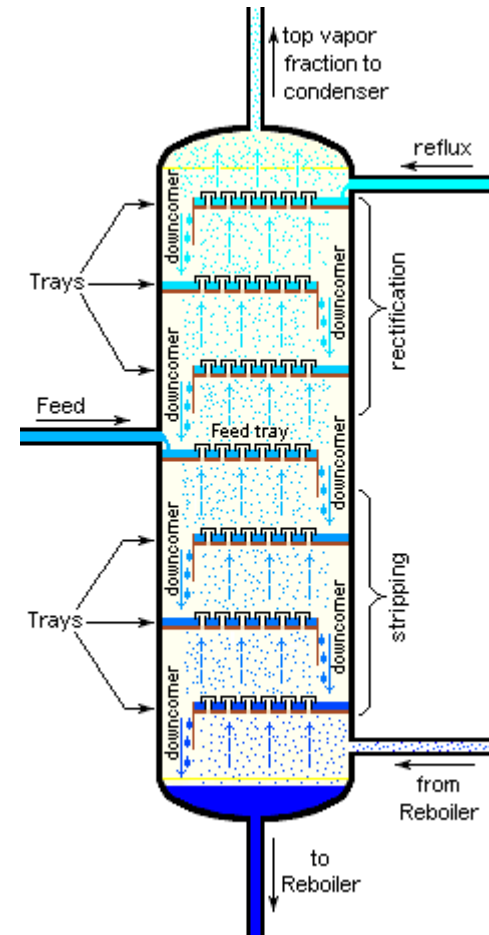


DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

Packed Tower

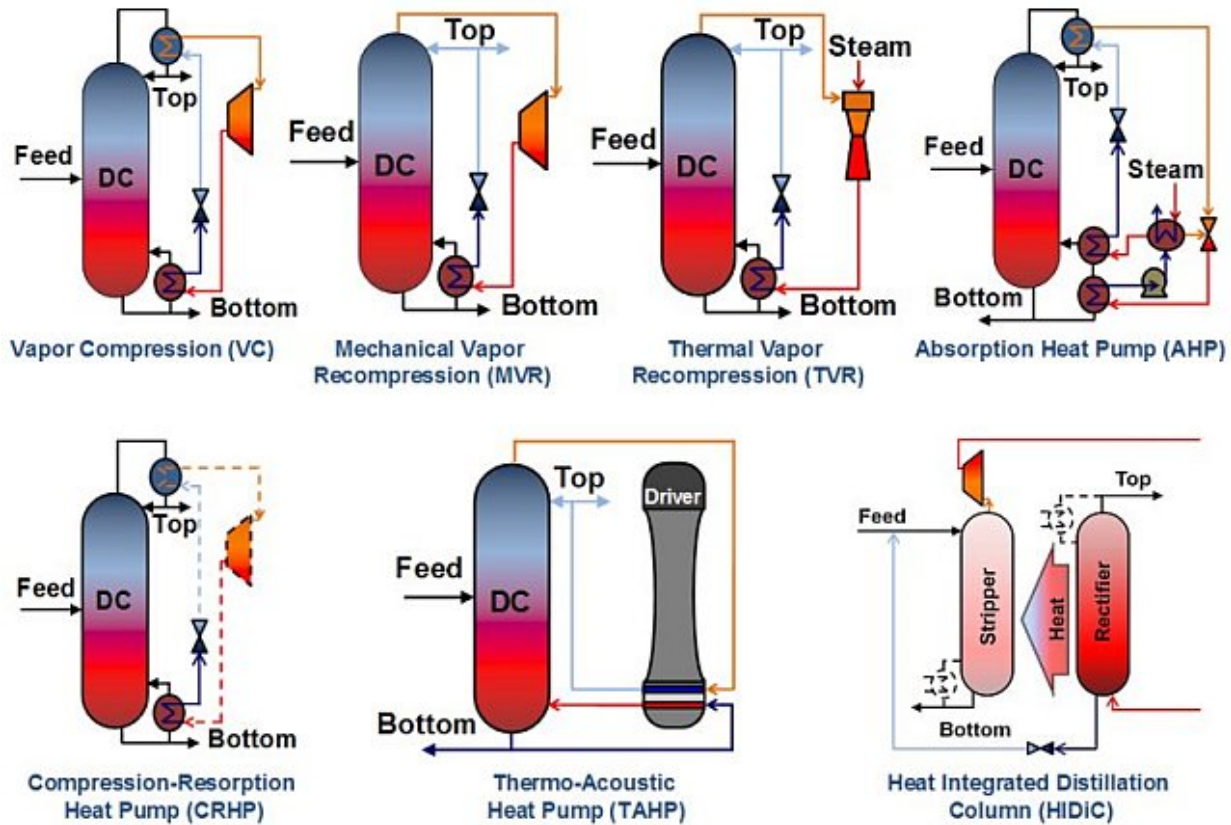


Tray tower



DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

Complex Columns



DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

Complex Columns

Heat Integrated Distillation Columns (HIDiC)

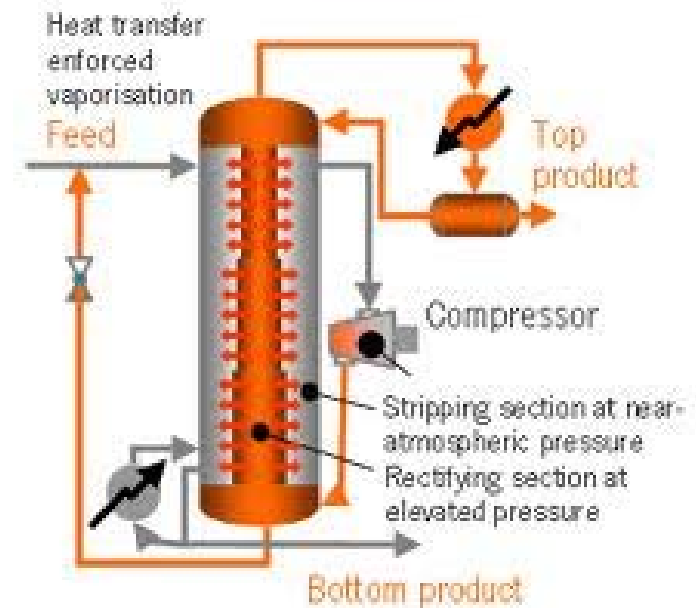
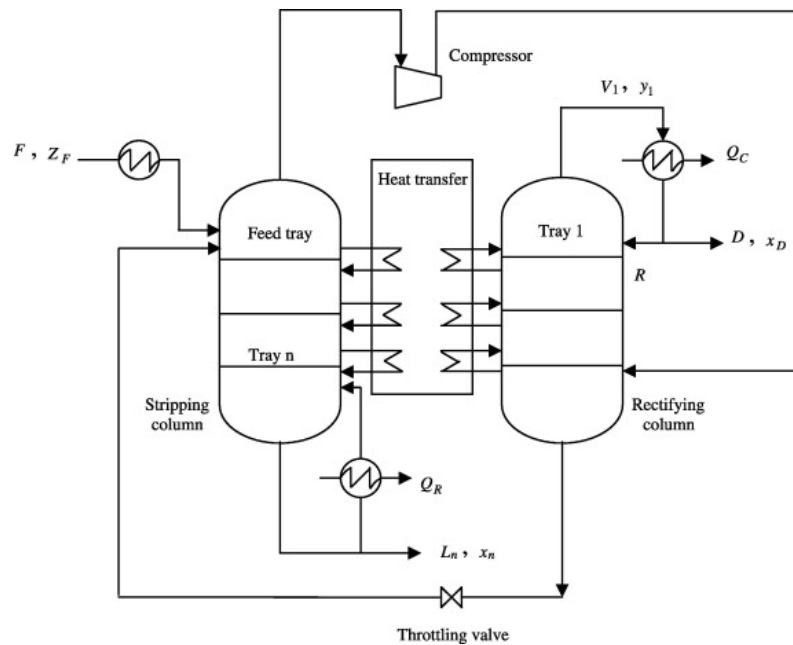


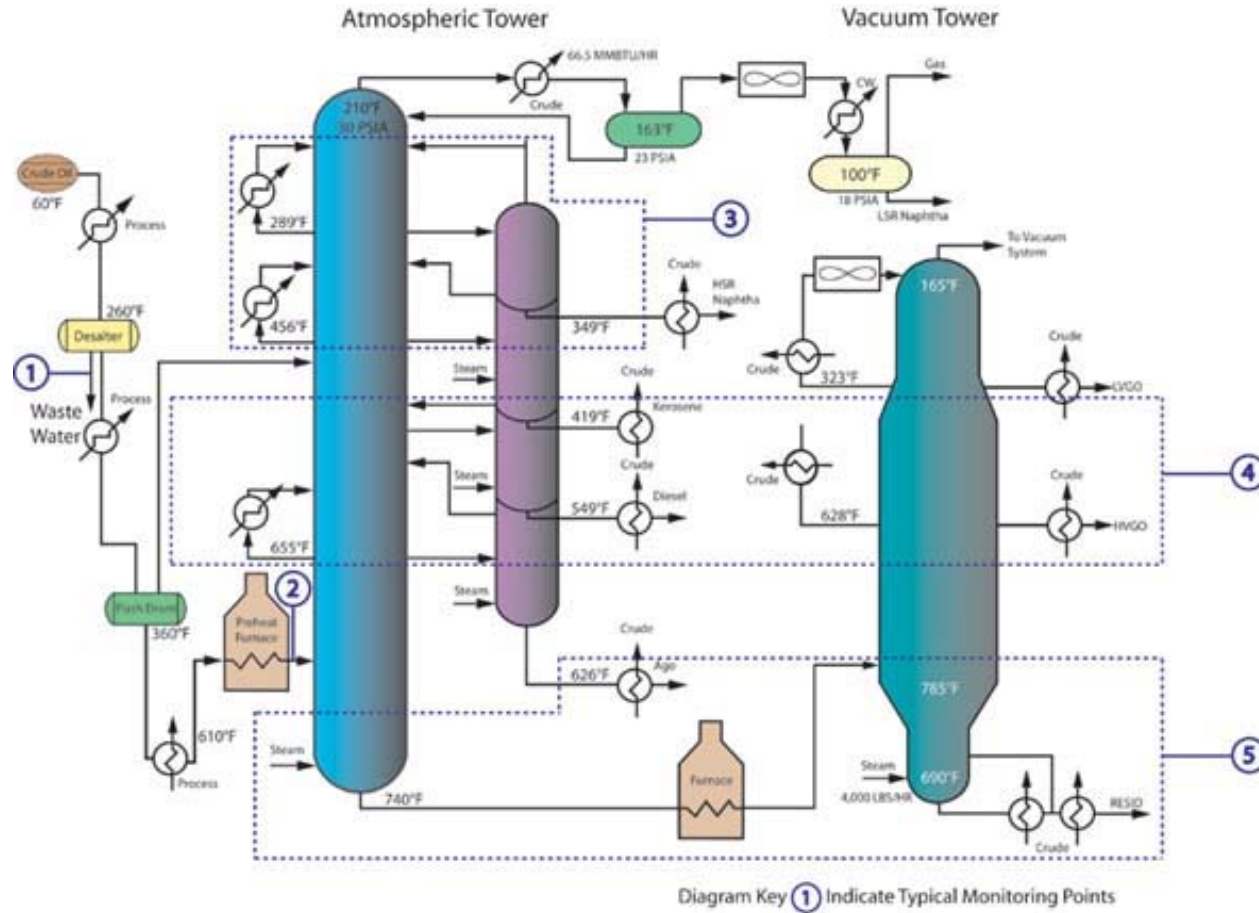
Fig. 1 HIDiC concentric tube column



DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

Complex Columns

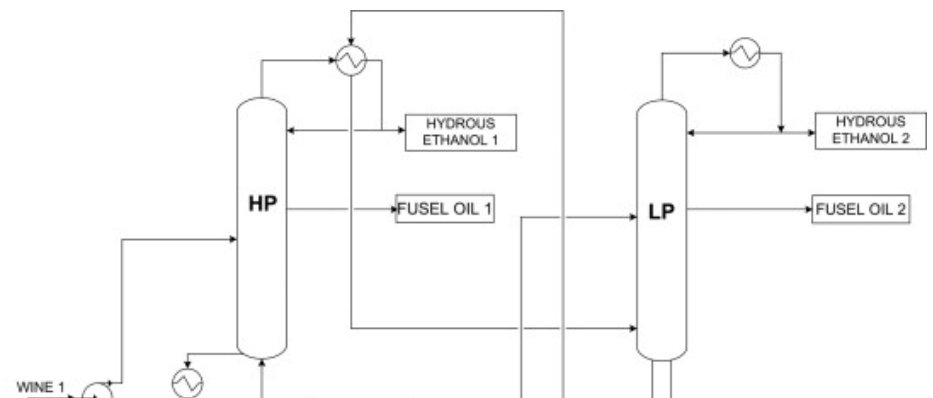
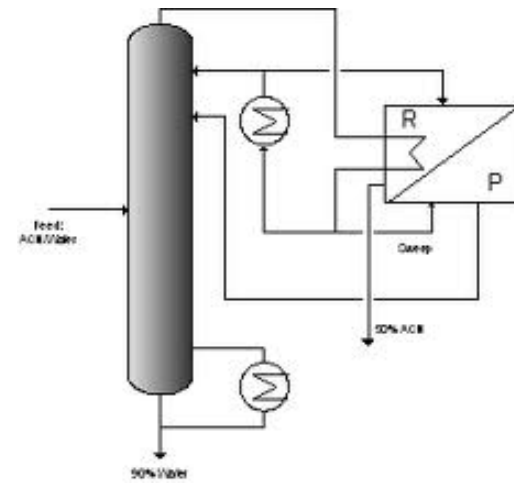
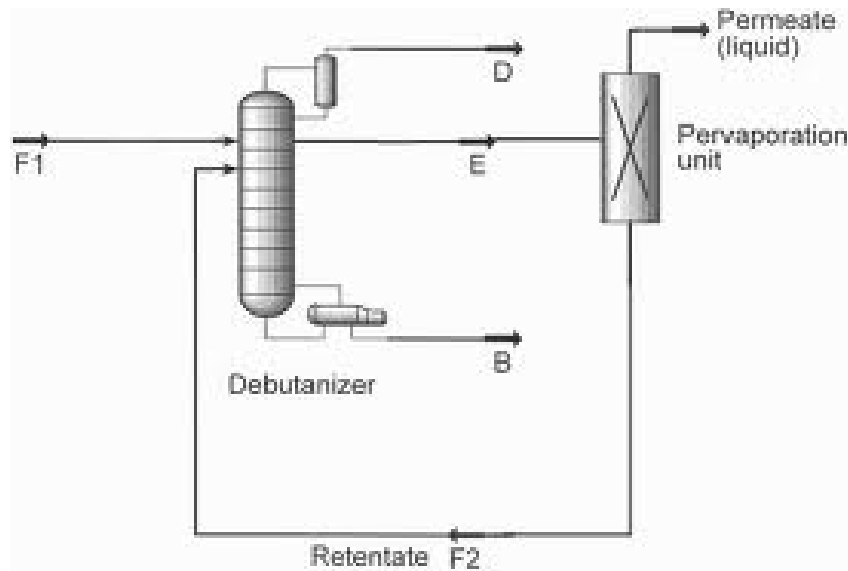
Petroleum Fractionation



DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

Complex Columns

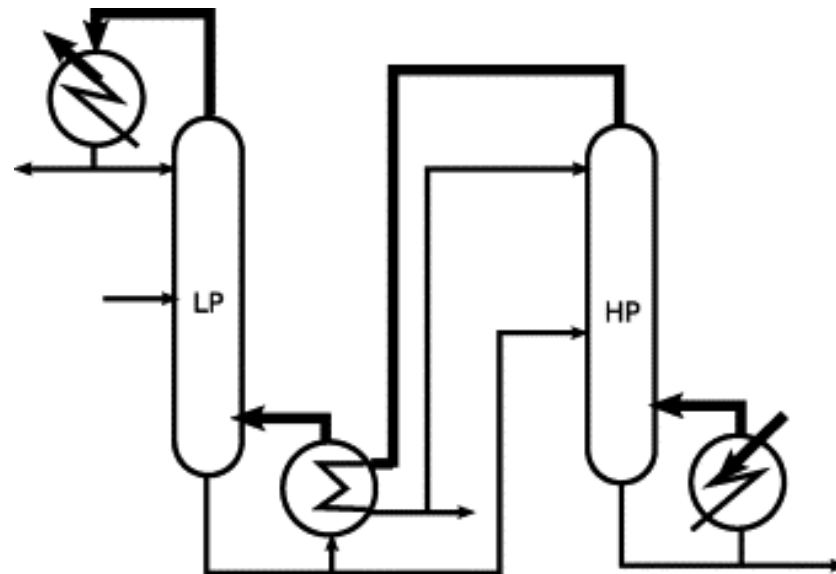
Pervaporation distillation



DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

Complex Columns

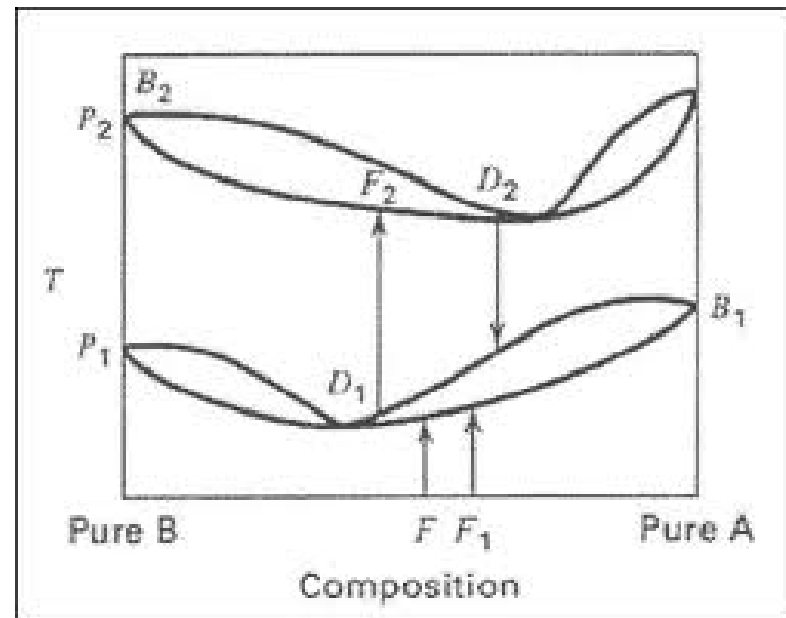
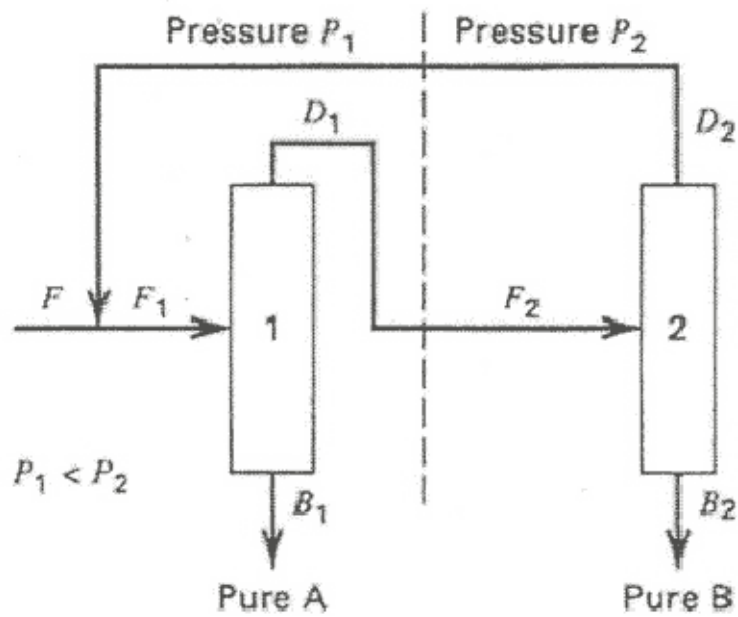
Double Effect



DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

Complex Columns

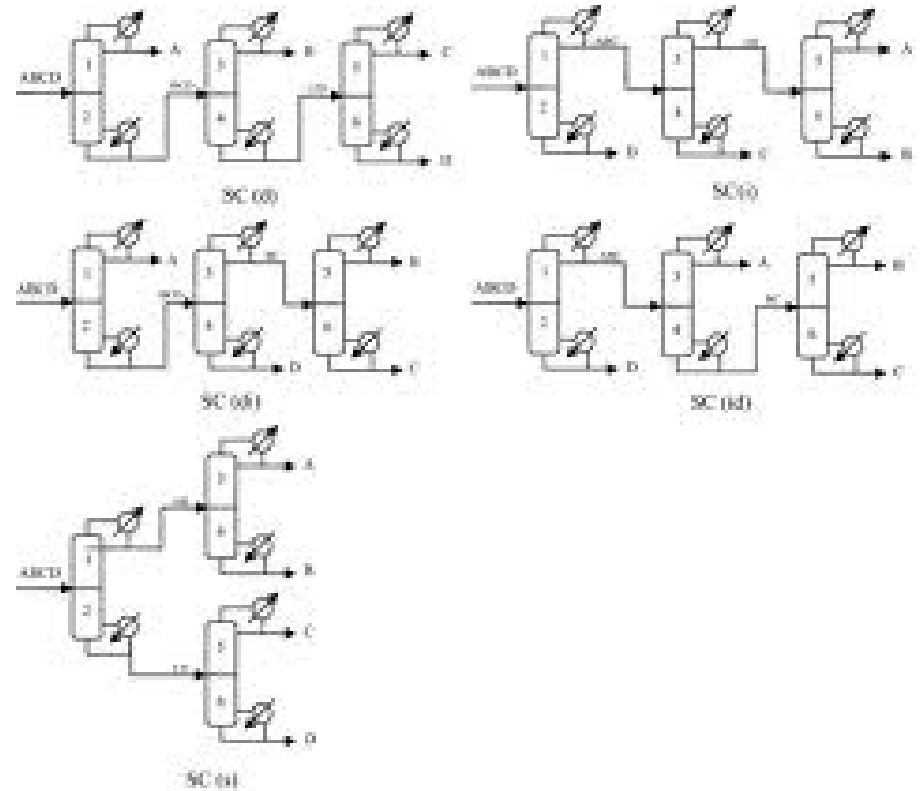
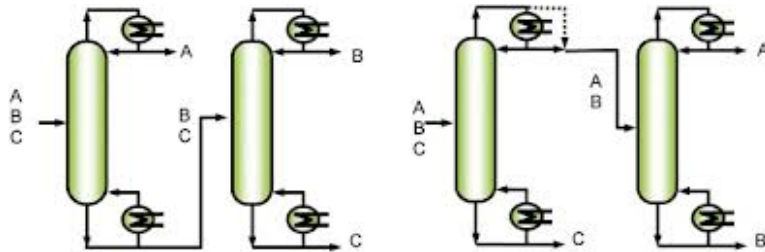
Pressure Swing Distillation



DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

Complex Columns Multicomponent cases

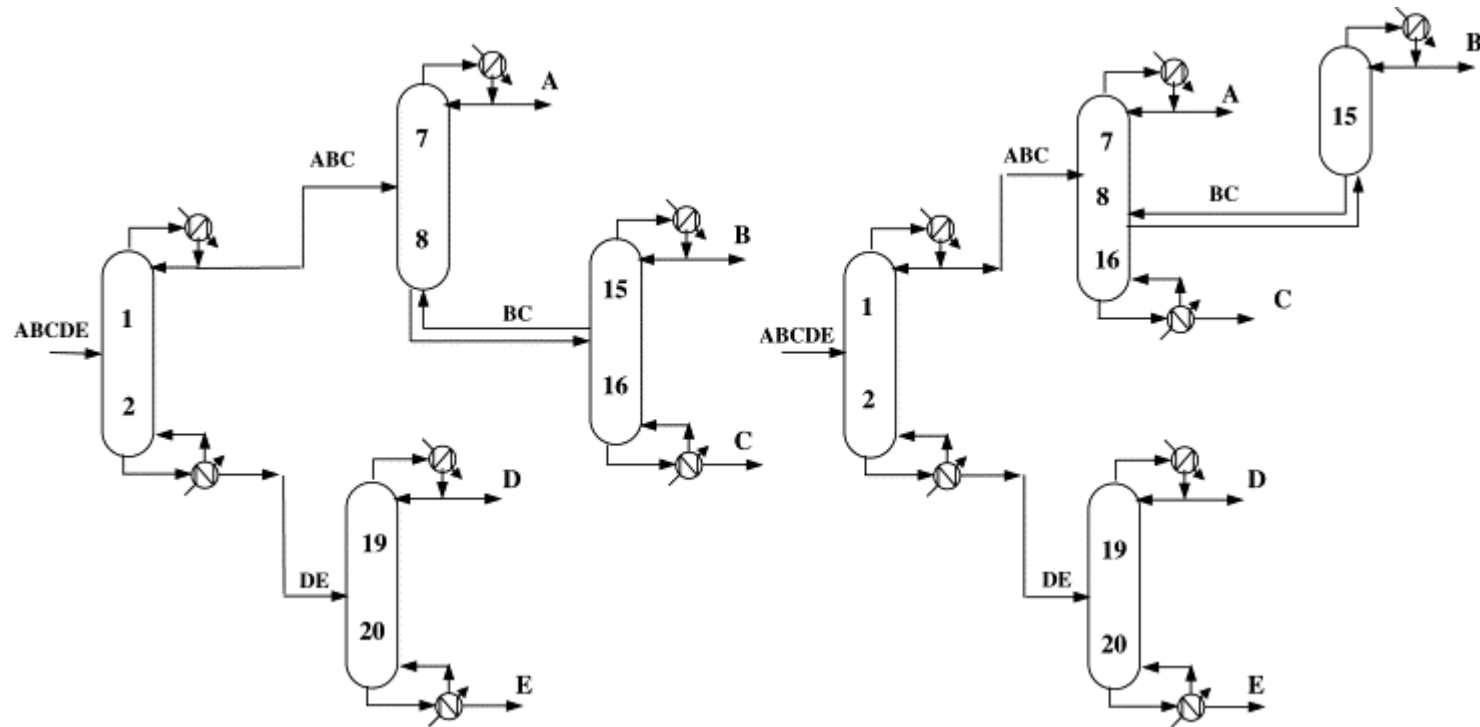
Simple Sequences



DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

Complex Columns Multicomponent cases

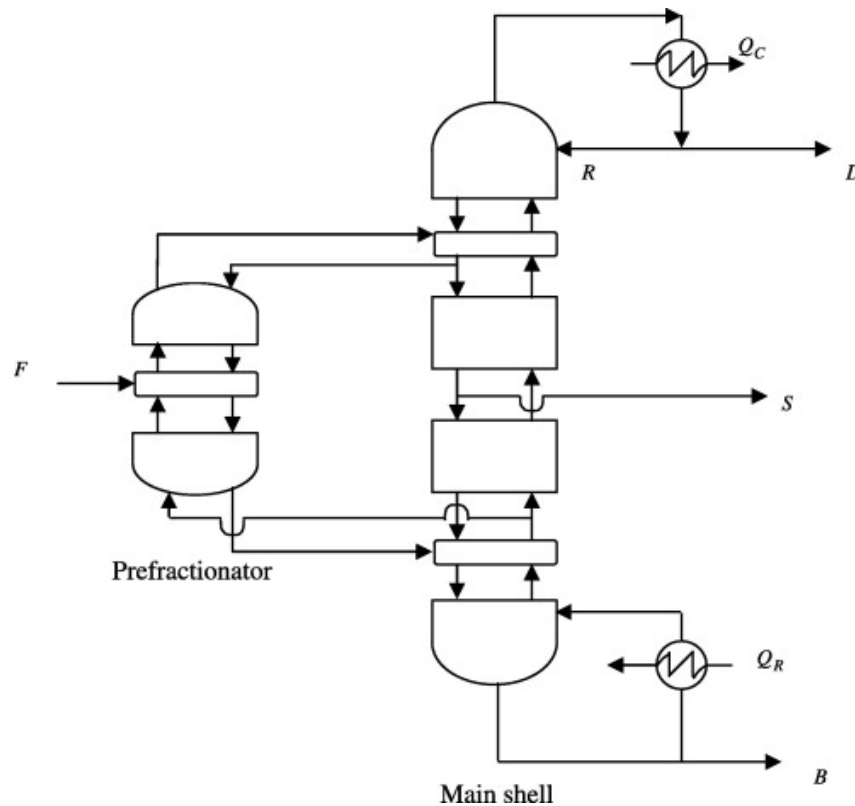
Simple Sequences



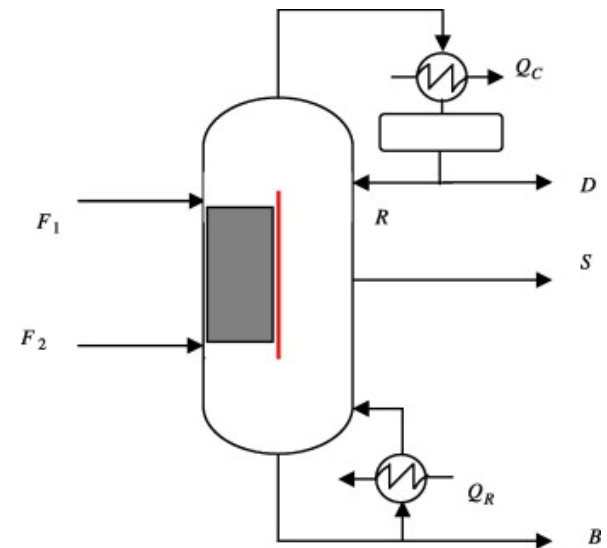
DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

Complex Columns

Petlyuk Columns (circa 1960)



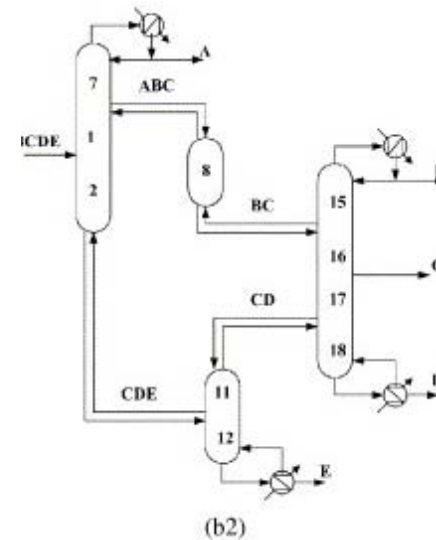
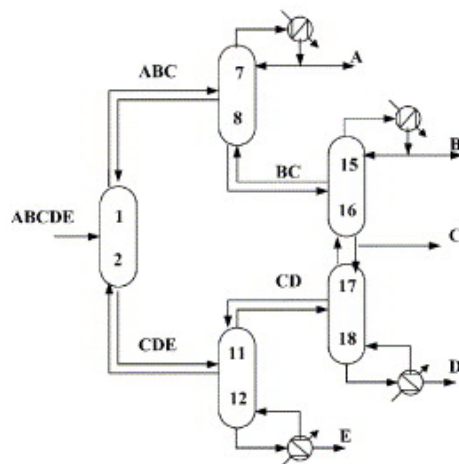
Divided wall column



DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

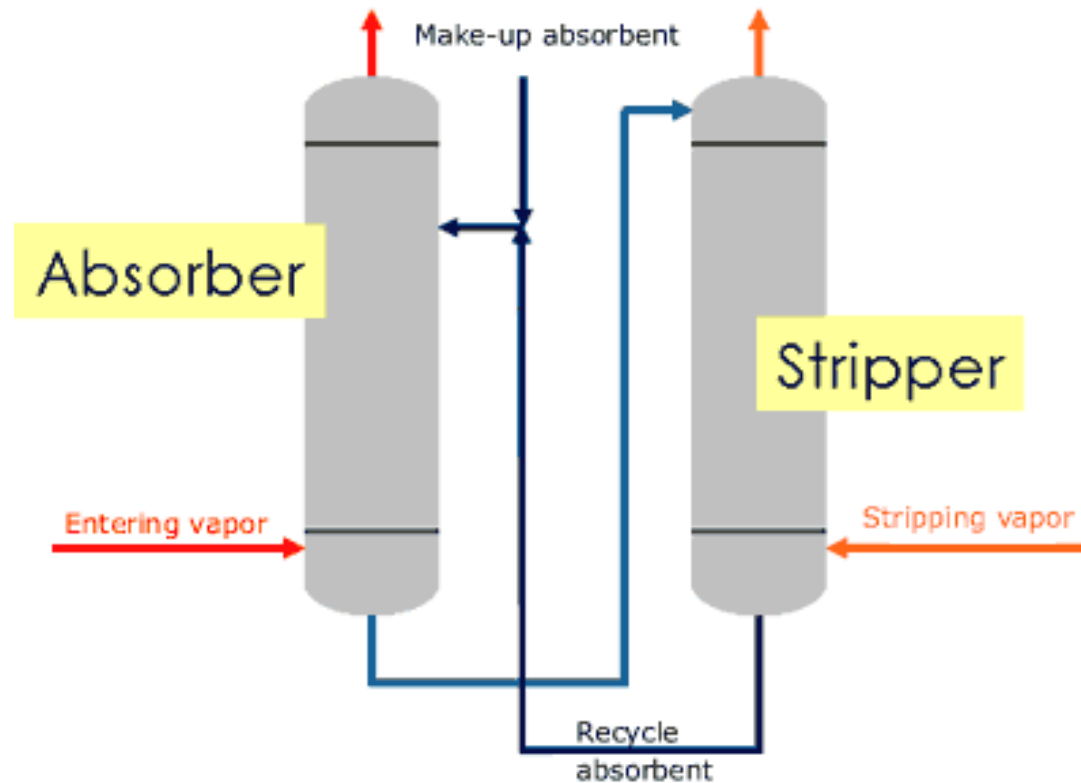
Complex Columns Multicomponent cases

Complex Sequences



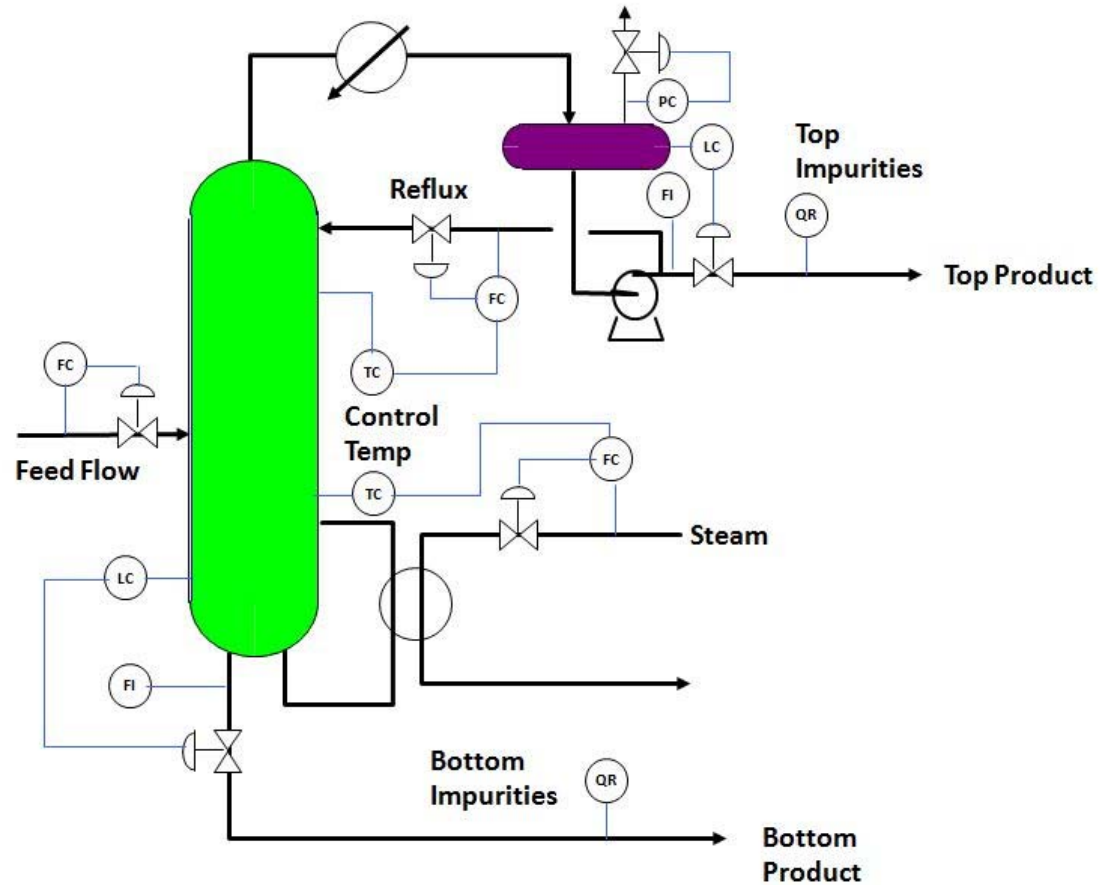
DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

Absorber/stripper typical arrangement.



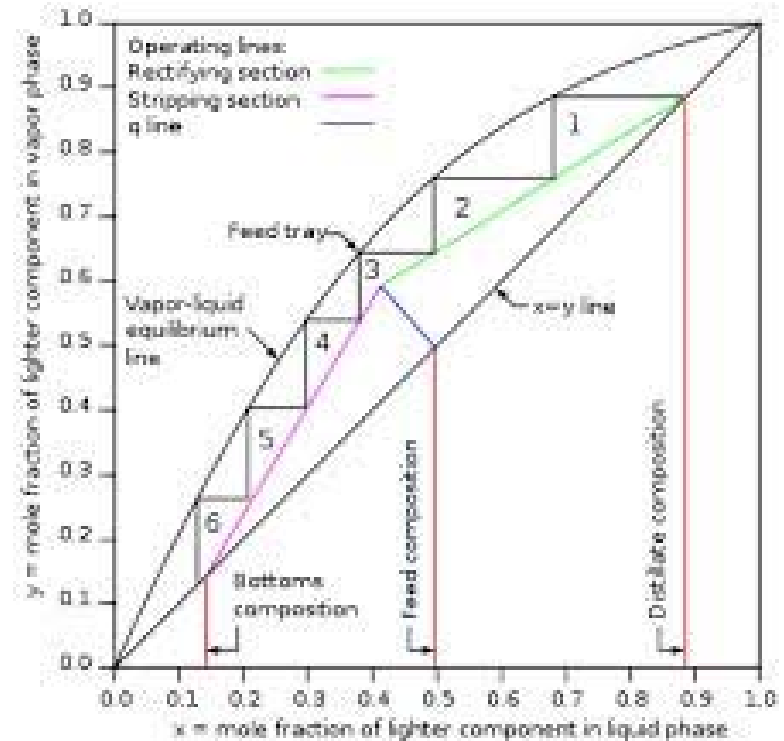
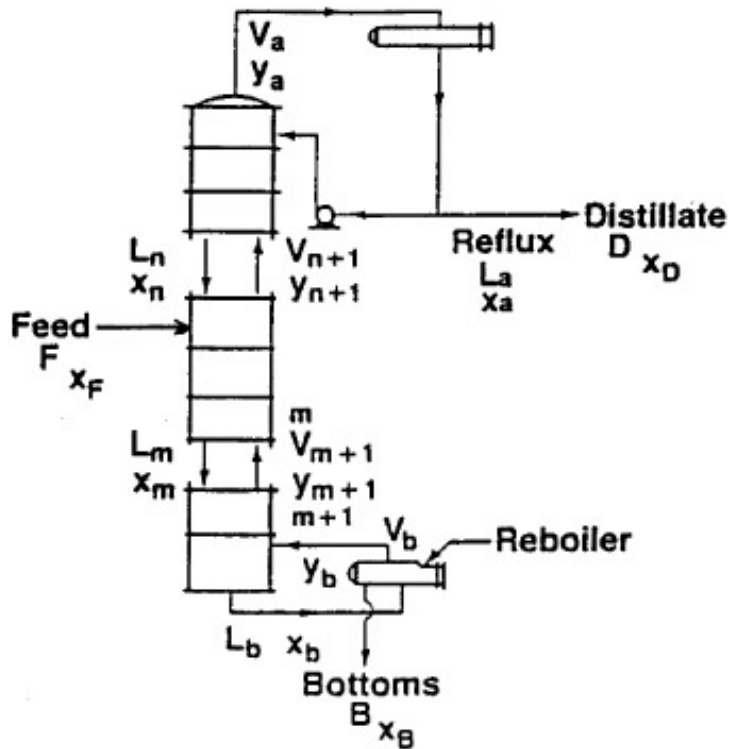
DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

Distillation Control



DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

BINARY SYSTEMS: Use McCabe Thiele



Given x_B and $x_D \rightarrow$ calculate RR, #trays, Feed tray, D, B

Given x_D and RR (for fixed #trays and feed tray) $\rightarrow x_B, D, B$

Given **2** operating values (for fixed #trays and feed tray) \rightarrow the rest

\rightarrow Design

\rightarrow Operations

\rightarrow Operations

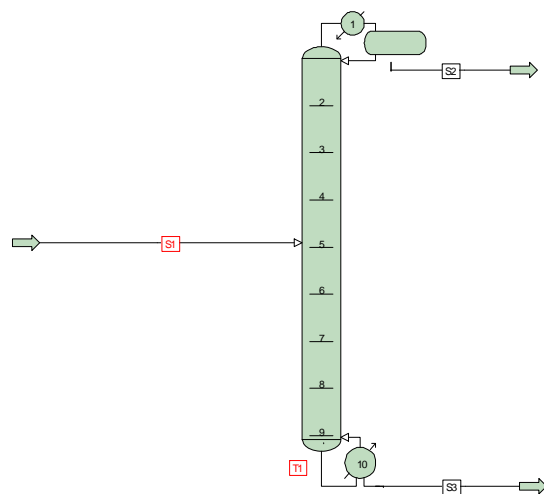


DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

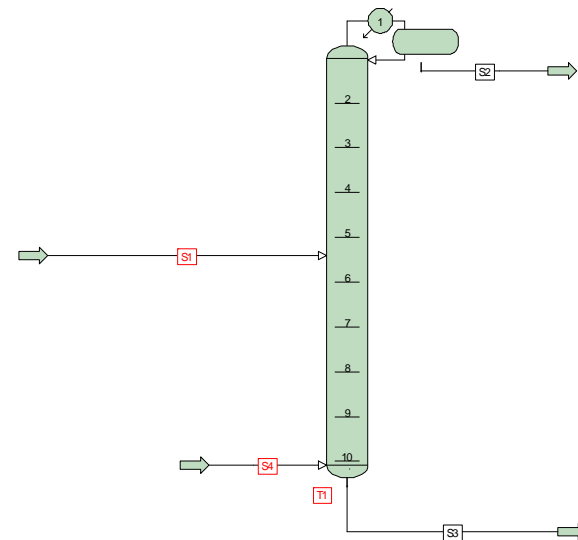
MULTICOMPONENT SYSTEMS : Use Computers!!!

Degree of Freedom= Number of unknowns – Number of equations

One per each condenser, reboiler or draw. See notes.



2



1



DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

MULTICOMPONENT SYSTEMS : Use Pro II

Case 2: You know number of trays and feed tray location

You need to fix variables or add equations.

- Add Equations (The easiest), e.g. Reflux ratio and Recovery ratio
- Fix variables, e.g. Compositions, temperatures, flows, etc.



DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

MULTICOMPONENT SYSTEMS :

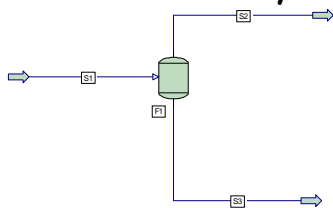
Case 2: You know nothing, not even the number of trays needed.

Use Fenske-Underwood Gilliland (see Separation Class Book) to get an idea

$$N = \frac{\log \left[\left(\frac{x_d}{1-x_d} \right) \left(\frac{1-x_b}{x_b} \right) \right]}{\log \alpha_{avg}} \quad \text{Pro II has this shortcut}$$

.... or if you are too lazy use Pro II as follows

1. Do not try blindly specs and number of trays. it won't work most of the time.
2. If you have many components do not include them all at the beginning. start with a few of the most abundant components.
3. Put an adiabatic flash first. if the feed is not two phase at the desired pressure, use an isothermal flash. Change the temperature until you get some separation in the direction you want.



To do this list the components in increasing boiling point and determine key components. Light key goes mostly to the top. Heavy key goes mostly to bottom.

Continues in next slide...



DISTILLATION/ABSORPTION COLUMN DESIGN

MULTICOMPONENT SYSTEMS : Use Pro II

Case 2: You know nothing, not even the number of trays needed.

Continued...

4. Replace the flash by a three plates column, with similar specs as those given by the flash outlet streams. It should not be a big problem to get it.
5. Add the components that are missing. Do it slowly, increasing their concentration until you reach the desired values.
6. Keep tightening the specs and increasing the number of plates accordingly, so that you meet the separation you want.

